



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue Date 01-Aug-2019

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Version 2

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product Name Dyn-A-Max Mop On Wax & Finish Remover

Other means of identification

Product Code NL147

Synonyms None

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name Nyco Products Company
5332 Dansher Road
Countryside, IL 60525
(708) 579-8100
nycoproducts.com

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Dermal	Category 5
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Flammable liquids	Category 4

Label elements

Emergency Overview

Danger

Hazard statements

Harmful if swallowed
May be harmful in contact with skin
Harmful if inhaled
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness
Combustible liquid

**Appearance** Clear Straw Red**Physical state** Liquid**Odor** Solvent**Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking
 Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Response

Specific Treatment (See Section 4 on the SDS)
 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell
 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting
 Drink plenty of water
 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
 In case of fire: Use CO₂, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)**Other Information**

- Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- Harmful to aquatic life

Unknown Acute Toxicity

0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%	Trade Secret
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	15-40	*
Monoethanolamine	141-43-5	5-10	*
Diethanolamine	111-42-2	<0.1	*

*The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First aid measures**General advice**

Immediate medical attention is required. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Skin Contact	Immediate medical attention is required. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. For minor skin contact, avoid spreading material on unaffected skin. For severe burns, immediate medical attention is required.
Eye contact	Immediate medical attention is required. Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Immediate medical attention is not required. If symptoms persist, call a physician. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapors or decomposition products. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
Ingestion	Immediate medical attention is required. Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Call a physician. Remove from exposure, lie down. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Self-protection of the first aider	Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Do not give chemical antidotes. Asphyxia from glottal edema may occur. Marked decrease in blood pressure may occur with moist rales, frothy sputum, and high pulse pressure. Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Use. Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Water spray (fog). Alcohol resistant foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Caution: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Risk of ignition. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None.

Sensitivity to Static Discharge None.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Remove all sources of ignition. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Do not allow into any storm sewer drains, lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other surface water bodies. Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of according to all local city, state and federal rules and regulations.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for cleaning up Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Take up mechanically, placing in appropriate containers for disposal. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. Prevent product from entering drains. Dam up. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. After cleaning, flush away traces with water.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use with local exhaust ventilation. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Use only with adequate ventilation and in closed systems.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Incompatible materials Incompatible with strong acids and bases. Incompatible with oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Aluminum.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 240 mg/m ³ (vacated) TWA: 25 ppm (vacated) TWA: 120 mg/m ³ (vacated) S* S*	IDLH: 700 ppm TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 24 mg/m ³
Monoethanolamine 141-43-5	STEL: 6 ppm TWA: 3 ppm	TWA: 3 ppm TWA: 6 mg/m ³ (vacated) TWA: 3 ppm (vacated) TWA: 8 mg/m ³ (vacated) STEL: 6 ppm (vacated) STEL: 15 mg/m ³	IDLH: 30 ppm TWA: 3 ppm TWA: 8 mg/m ³ STEL: 6 ppm STEL: 15 mg/m ³
Potassium Hydroxide 1310-58-3	Ceiling: 2 mg/m ³	(vacated) Ceiling: 2 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 2 mg/m ³
Diethanolamine 111-42-2	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ inhalable fraction and vapor S*	(vacated) TWA: 3 ppm (vacated) TWA: 15 mg/m ³	TWA: 3 ppm TWA: 15 mg/m ³
Sodium Hydroxide 1310-73-2	Ceiling: 2 mg/m ³	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ (vacated) Ceiling: 2 mg/m ³	IDLH: 10 mg/m ³ Ceiling: 2 mg/m ³

NIOSH IDLH *Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health*

Other Information Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962 (11th Cir., 1992).

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Showers, Eyewash stations & Ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

- Eye/face protection** Tight sealing safety goggles. Wear a face shield if splashing hazard exists.
- Skin and body protection** Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.
- Respiratory protection** If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations.

General Hygiene When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Take off all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid
Appearance Clear Straw Red
Color Straw Red
Odor Solvent
Odor threshold No Information available

<u>Property</u>	<u>Values</u>	<u>Remarks • Method</u>
pH	> 13.5	
Specific Gravity	0.9814	
Viscosity	< 25 cP @ 25°C	
Melting point/freezing point	No Information available	
Flash point	68 °C 155 °F	
Boiling point / boiling range		/
Evaporation rate	No Information available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available	
Flammability Limits in Air		
Upper flammability limit:	No Information available	
Lower flammability limit:	No Information available	
Vapor pressure	No Information available	
Vapor density	No Information available	
Water solubility	Complete	
Partition coefficient	No Information available	
Autoignition temperature	No Information available	
Decomposition temperature	No Information available	

Other Information

Density Lbs/Gal 8.3 +/- 0.05
VOC Content (%) 40

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No data available

Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks. Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged periods.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible with strong acids and bases. Incompatible with oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Aluminum.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information	The primary effects and toxicity of this material are due to its corrosive nature.
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled. Breathing of vapor can cause respiratory irritation and inflammation. Breathing of mist or liquid can cause burns to the respiratory tract. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Eye contact	Avoid contact with eyes. Corrosive. Causes severe eye damage.
Skin Contact	May be harmful in contact with skin. Corrosive. Contact with skin may cause severe irritation and burns. Maybe harmful if absorbed through skin.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion causes acute irritation and burns to the mucous membranes of the mouth, trachea, esophagus and stomach. Ingestion may result in the absorption of potentially harmful amounts leading to possible liver and kidney damage.

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2	= 470 mg/kg (Rat)	= 99 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 486 ppm (Rat) 4 h = 450 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Monoethanolamine 141-43-5	= 1720 mg/kg (Rat)	= 1000 mg/kg (Rabbit) = 1 mL/kg (Rabbit)	-
Diethanolamine 111-42-2	= 780 mg/kg (Rat) = 620 µL/kg (Rat)	= 11.9 mL/kg (Rabbit) = 7640 µL/kg (Rabbit)	-

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms No Information available.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Corrosivity Causes burns. Extremely corrosive and destructive to tissue. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Sensitization No Information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity No Information available.

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2	A3	Group 3	-	-
Diethanolamine 111-42-2	A3	Group 2B	-	X

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 3 -Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

Reproductive toxicity No Information available.

STOT - single exposure No Information available.
STOT - repeated exposure No Information available.
Chronic toxicity Chronic exposure to corrosive fumes/gases may cause erosion of the teeth followed by jaw necrosis. Bronchial irritation with chronic cough and frequent attacks of pneumonia are common. Gastrointestinal disturbances may also be seen. Avoid repeated exposure. Possible risk of irreversible effects. May cause adverse effects on the bone marrow and blood-forming system. May cause adverse liver effects.
Target organ effects Blood, Central nervous system, EYES, hematopoietic system, Kidney, Liver, Respiratory system, Skin.
Aspiration hazard No Information available.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

Unknown Acute Toxicity 0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document .

ATEmix (oral) 1,375.30
ATEmix (dermal) 2,752.80
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist) 3.75

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

0% of the mixture consists of components(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2	-	1490: 96 h <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> mg/L LC50 static 2950: 96 h <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> mg/L LC50	1698 - 1940: 24 h <i>Daphnia magna</i> mg/L EC50 1000: 48 h <i>Daphnia magna</i> mg/L EC50
Monoethanolamine 141-43-5	15: 72 h <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i> mg/L EC50	227: 96 h <i>Pimephales promelas</i> mg/L LC50 flow-through 3684: 96 h <i>Brachydanio rerio</i> mg/L LC50 static 200: 96 h <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> mg/L LC50 flow-through 300 - 1000: 96 h <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> mg/L LC50 static 114 - 196: 96 h <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> mg/L LC50 static	65: 48 h <i>Daphnia magna</i> mg/L EC50
Tetrasodium EDTA 64-02-8	1.01: 72 h <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i> mg/L EC50	59.8: 96 h <i>Pimephales promelas</i> mg/L LC50 static 41: 96 h <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> mg/L LC50 static	610: 24 h <i>Daphnia magna</i> mg/L EC50
Potassium Hydroxide 1310-58-3	-	80: 96 h <i>Gambusia affinis</i> mg/L LC50 static	-
Diethanolamine 111-42-2	7.8: 72 h <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i> mg/L EC50 2.1 - 2.3: 96 h <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> mg/L EC50	4460 - 4980: 96 h <i>Pimephales promelas</i> mg/L LC50 flow-through 1200 - 1580: 96 h <i>Pimephales promelas</i> mg/L LC50 static 600 - 1000: 96 h <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> mg/L LC50 static	55: 48 h <i>Daphnia magna</i> mg/L EC50
Sodium Hydroxide 1310-73-2	-	45.4: 96 h <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> mg/L LC50 static	-
Trisodium nitrilotriacetate 5064-31-3	560 - 1000: 96 h <i>Chlorella vulgaris</i> mg/L EC50	93 - 170: 96 h <i>Pimephales promelas</i> mg/L LC50 flow-through 252: 96 h <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> mg/L LC50 560 - 1000: 96 h <i>Oryzias latipes</i> mg/L LC50 semi-static 72 - 133: 96 h <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> mg/L LC50 static 560 - 1000: 96 h <i>Poecilia reticulata</i> mg/L LC50 560 - 1000: 96 h <i>Poecilia reticulata</i> mg/L LC50 semi-static 470: 96 h <i>Pimephales promelas</i> mg/L LC50 static 175 - 225: 96 h <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> mg/L LC50 static 560 - 1000: 96 h <i>Oryzias latipes</i> mg/L LC50 114: 96 h <i>Pimephales promelas</i> mg/L LC50	560 - 1000: 48 h <i>Daphnia magna</i> mg/L LC50

Persistence and degradability

No Information available.

Bioaccumulation

Bioaccumulative potential.

Chemical Name	Partition coefficient
2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2	0.81
Monoethanolamine 141-43-5	-1.91
Diethanolamine 111-42-2	-2.18

Other adverse effects

No Information available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Contaminated packaging Do not reuse container.

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Per CFR 173.154 (b)(2), for corrosive materials in Packaging Group III, this product can ship as Limited Quantity if packaged not over 5.0 L (1.3 gallon) net capacity each for liquids or not over 5.0 kg (11 lbs) net capacity each for solids, packed in a strong outer packaging. Must not exceed 30 kg (66 pounds) gross weight.

DOT

UN/ID No.	UN1760
Proper shipping name	Corrosive liquids, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	8
Packing Group	III
Special Provisions	IB3, T7, TP1, TP28
Description	UN1760, Corrosive liquids, n.o.s (contains Ethanolamine), 8, III
Emergency Response Guide Number	154

TDG

UN/ID No.	UN1760
Proper shipping name	Corrosive liquids, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	8
Packing Group	III
Description	UN1760, Corrosive liquids, n.o.s (contains Ethanolamine), 8, III

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA	Complies
DSL/NDSL	Complies

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

Chemical Name	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
2-butoxyethanol - 111-76-2	1.0

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	Yes
Fire hazard	Yes
Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Diethanolamine 111-42-2	100 lb	-	RQ 100 lb final RQ RQ 45.4 kg final RQ

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Diethanolamine , which is known to the state of California to cause cancer, and Acetic acid 2,2,-dichloro, which is known to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For More Information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2	X	X	X
Monoethanolamine 141-43-5	X	X	X
Potassium Hydroxide 1310-58-3	X	X	X
Diethanolamine 111-42-2	X	X	X
Sodium Hydroxide 1310-73-2	X	X	X
Trisodium nitrilotriacetate 5064-31-3	-	X	-

U.S. EPA Label Information

EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not Applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA	Health hazards 3	Flammability 2	Instability 0	Physical and Chemical Properties -
HMIS	Health hazards 3	Flammability 2	Physical hazards 0	Personal protection C

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Revision Note
No Information available

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet