

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue Date 18-Jan-2022 Revision Date 18-Jan-2022 Version 1

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product Name Zing® Formula IV Aluminum Pontoon/Boat Cleaner

Other means of identification

Product Code N-879 Synonyms None

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name Nyco Products Company

5332 Dansher Road, Countryside, IL 60525 (708) 579-8100 nycoproducts.com

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Dermal	Category 3
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Gases)	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1 Sub-category A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Carcinogenicity	Category 1A

Label elements

Emergency Overview

Danger

Hazard statements

Harmful if swallowed
Toxic in contact with skin
Harmful if inhaled
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
May cause cancer



Appearance Colorless Physical state Liquid Odor Acidic

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Precautionary Statements - Response

Specific Treatment (See Section 4 on the SDS)

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting

Drink plenty of water

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Other Information

Unknown Acute Toxicity

0 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%	Trade Secret
Hydrochloric Acid	7647-01-0	5-10	*
Ammonium Fluoride	12125-01-8	1-5	*
Nonylphenol Polyethylene Glycol Ether	127087-87-0	1-5	*
Hydrofluoric Acid	7664-39-3	.1-1	*
Sulfuric Acid	7664-93-9	.1-1	*

^{*}The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First aid measures

General advice

Immediate medical attention is required.

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Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Immediately apply calcium gluconate gel 2.5 % and massage into the affected area using rubber gloves; continue to massage while repeatedly applying gel until 15 minutes after pain is relieved. Alternately, immerse the burned area in a solution of 0.2% iced aqueous Hyamine 1622 or 0.13% iced aqueous Zephiran Chloride. If finger/fingernails are touched, even if there is no pain, dip them in a bath of 5% calcium gluconate for 15 to 20 minutes. Consult a physician immediately in all cases of skin contact no matter how minor.

Eye contact

Do not rub affected area. Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Rinse the eyes with a calcium gluconate 1% solution for 10 minutes. In the case of difficulty opening the lids, administer an analgesic eyewash. Do not use oily drops, ointment, or HF skin burn treatments. Consult an ophthalmologist or eye specialist and physician immediately in all cases. Take to a hospital immediately.

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Remove the subject from the contaminated area as soon as possible. Transport subject lying down, with the head higher than the body, to a quiet, uncontaminated and well ventilated location. Administer oxygen (2.5% calcium gluconate if available, can be oxygen nebulized with trained personnel) or cardiopulmonary resuscitation if necessary and as soon as possible. If patient is unconscious, give artificial respiration. Note: Mouth to mouth resuscitation is not recommended. Keep warm (blanket). Consult physician in all cases. Take to a hospital.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Drink plenty of water. Remove from exposure, lie down. Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. When directed by physician, give orally either 1% aqueous calcium gluconate solution, milk or calcium/magnesium containing anti-acid. Such solutions can be beneficial but also may be problematic if they induce vomiting.

Self-protection of the first aider

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms

Any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians

Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Do not give chemical antidotes. Asphyxia from glottal edema may occur. Marked decrease in blood pressure may occur with moist rales, frothy sputum, and high pulse pressure. Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Caution: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None. Sensitivity to Static Discharge None.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

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As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people

away from and upwind of spill/leak. Use personal protective equipment as required.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Do not allow into any storm sewer drains, lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other

surface water bodies. Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of according to

all local city, state and federal rules and regulations.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.

Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Clean surface

thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Methods for cleaning up

Dam up. Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Prevent product from entering

drains. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Take up mechanically, placing in appropriate containers for disposal. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. After cleaning, flush away

traces with water.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Use only with adequate ventilation and in closed

systems.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of

children. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep in

properly labeled containers.

Incompatible materials Strong bases. Ammonia. Chlorinated compounds. Contact with metals may evolve

flammable hydrogen gas. Metals. Incompatible with strong acids and bases. Incompatible

with oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Hydrochloric Acid	Ceiling: 2 ppm	(vacated) Ceiling: 5 ppm	IDLH: 50 ppm
7647-01-0		(vacated) Ceiling: 7 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 5 ppm
		Ceiling: 5 ppm	Ceiling: 7 mg/m ³
		Ceiling: 7 mg/m ³	
Ammonium Fluoride	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ F	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ F	IDLH: 250 mg/m ³ F
12125-01-8		(vacated) TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ F
Hydrofluoric Acid	TWA: 0.5 ppm F	TWA: 3 ppm F	IDLH: 30 ppm
7664-39-3	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ F	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ F	IDLH: 250 mg/m ³ F
	S*	(vacated) TWA: 3 ppm F	Ceiling: 6 ppm 15 min
	Ceiling: 2 ppm F	(vacated) TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 5 mg/m ³ 15 min
		(vacated) STEL: 6 ppm F	TWA: 3 ppm

			TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³
Sulfuric Acid	TWA: 0.2 mg/m³ thoracic	TWA: 1 mg/m ³	IDLH: 15 mg/m ³
7664-93-9	particulate matter	(vacated) TWA: 1 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 mg/m ³
Propargyl Alcohol	TWA: 1 ppm	(vacated) TWA: 1 ppm	TWA: 1 ppm
107-19-7	S*	(vacated) TWA: 2 mg/m ³	TWA: 2 mg/m ³
		(vacated) S*	_

NIOSH IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Other Information Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962

(11th Cir., 1992).

Appropriate engineering controls

Showers, Eyewash stations & Ventilation systems. **Engineering Controls**

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Tight sealing safety goggles. Face protection shield.

Skin and body protection Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls,

as appropriate, to prevent skin contact. Wear protective gloves and protective clothing.

If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved Respiratory protection

> respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be

provided in accordance with current local regulations.

General Hygiene Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. When using do not eat, drink or

> smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Take off all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wear suitable

gloves and eye/face protection.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Liquid Physical state Colorless **Appearance** Colorless Color Acidic Odor

No Information available **Odor threshold**

Remarks • Method **Property** Values

pН <1 Specific Gravity 1.06

< 25 cP @ 25°C Viscosity Melting point/freezing point No Information available

Flash point None

Boiling point / boiling range 99 °C / 210 ° F Degrees **Evaporation rate** No Information available Flammability (solid, gas) No data available

Flammability Limits in Air Upper flammability limit:

No Information available Lower flammability limit: No Information available Vapor pressure No Information available Vapor density No Information available

Water solubility Complete

Partition coefficient No Information available No Information available Autoignition temperature **Decomposition temperature** No Information available

Other Information

Density Lbs/Gal 8.83

VOC Content (%) Not Applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No data available

Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged periods.

Incompatible materials

Strong bases. Ammonia. Chlorinated compounds. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas. Metals. Incompatible with strong acids and bases. Incompatible with oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product InformationThe primary effects and toxicity of this material are due to it corrosive nature.

Inhalation Harmful if inhaled. Breathing of vapor can cause respiratory irritation and inflammation.

Breathing of mist or liquid can cause burns to the respiratory tract.

Eye contact Avoid contact with eyes. Corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage including

blindness.

Skin Contact Toxic in contact with skin. Corrosive. Contact with skin may cause severe irritation and

burns. Contact is irritating and may cause an unusual, skin rash that appears similar to ballooning of the skin. If skin is moist, formation of hydrofluoric acid can cause serious burns. These burns do not appear serious at first, but may cause severe damage if not

treated immediately.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion causes acute irritation and burns to the mucous

membranes of the mouth, trachea, esophagus and stomach.

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Hydrochloric Acid	= 700 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5010 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 1.68 mg/L (Rat) 1 h
7647-01-0			
Nonylphenol Polyethylene Glycol	= 1310 mg/kg (Rat)	= 2 mL/kg (Rabbit)	-
Ether	= 2590 mg/kg (Rat)	= 1780 μL/kg (Rabbit)	
127087-87-0			
Hydrofluoric Acid	-	-	= 0.79 mg/L (Rat) 1 h
7664-39-3			
Sulfuric Acid	= 2140 mg/kg (Rat)	-	= 510 mg/m ³ (Rat) 2 h
7664-93-9			

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms No Information available.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Corrosivity Causes burns. Extremely corrosive and destructive to tissue. Risk of serious damage to

eyes.

Sensitization Germ cell mutagenicityNo Information available.
No Information available.

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Hydrochloric Acid 7647-01-0	-	Group 3	-	Х
Ammonium Fluoride 12125-01-8	-	Group 3	-	-
Sulfuric Acid 7664-93-9	A2	Group 1	Known	Х

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 3 -Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

NTP (National Toxicology Program)

Known - Known Carcinogen

Target organ effects

OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)

X - Present

Reproductive toxicity
STOT - single exposure
STOT - repeated exposure
No Information available.
No Information available.

Chronic toxicity Chronic exposure to corrosive fumes/gases may cause erosion of the teeth followed by jaw

necrosis. Bronchial irritation with chronic cough and frequent attacks of pneumonia are common. Gastrointestinal disturbances may also be seen. Avoid repeated exposure.

Possible risk of irreversible effects. EYES, Respiratory system, Skin.

Aspiration hazard No Information available.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

Unknown Acute Toxicity 0 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document .

 ATEmix (oral)
 431.40

 ATEmix (dermal)
 525.70

 ATEmix (inhalation-gas)
 8,040.7417

 ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)
 2.756

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

0% of the mixture consists of components(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Hydrochloric Acid	-	282:96 h Gambusia affinis mg/L	-
7647-01-0			
Ammonium Fluoride	-	364.0: 96 h Pimephales promelas	-
12125-01-8		mg/L LC50 static	
Hydrofluoric Acid	-	-	270: 48 h Daphnia species mg/L
7664-39-3			EC50
Sulfuric Acid	-	500: 96 h Brachydanio rerio mg/L	29: 24 h Daphnia magna mg/L
7664-93-9		LC50 static	EC50
Propargyl Alcohol	-	1.49 - 1.56: 96 h Pimephales	-
107-19-7		promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through	

Persistence and degradability

No Information available.

Bioaccumulation

Bioaccumulative potential.

Chemical Name	Partition coefficient
Hydrofluoric Acid	-1.4
7664-39-3	

Other adverse effects No Information available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

Contaminated packaging Do not reuse container.

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Hydrofluoric Acid 7664-39-3	U134	-	-	U134
Propargyl Alcohol 107-19-7	P102	-	-	-

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Ammonium Fluoride	Toxic
12125-01-8	Corrosive
Sulfuric Acid	Toxic
7664-93-9	Corrosive

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The basic description below is specific to the container size. This information is provided for at a glance DOT information. Please refer to the container and/or shipping papers for the appropriate shipping description before tendering this material for shipment. For additional information, please contact the distributor listed in section 1 of this SDS.

DOT

UN/ID No. UN2922

Proper shipping name Corrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary class 6.1
Packing Group II

Special Provisions B2, IB2, T2, TP2

Description UN2922, Corrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s. (contains Hydrochloric Acid and Ammonium

Bifluoride), 8, 6.1, II

Emergency Response Guide

Number

154

TDG

UN/ID No. UN2922

Proper shipping name Corrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary class 6.1
Packing Group II

Description UN2922, Corrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s. (contains Hydrochloric Acid and Ammonium

Bisulfide), 8, 6.1, II

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA Complies DSL/NDSL Complies

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

Chemical Name	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Hydrochloric Acid - 7647-01-0	1.0
Ammonium Fluoride - 12125-01-8	1.0
Nonylphenol Polyethylene Glycol Ether - 127087-87-0	1.0

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	Yes
Fire hazard	No
Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Hydrochloric Acid 7647-01-0	5000 lb	-	-	X
Ammonium Fluoride 12125-01-8	100 lb	-	-	Х
Hydrofluoric Acid 7664-39-3	100 lb	-	-	Х
Sulfuric Acid 7664-93-9	1000 lb	-	-	Х

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Hydrochloric Acid	5000 lb	5000 lb	RQ 5000 lb final RQ
7647-01-0			RQ 2270 kg final RQ
Ammonium Fluoride	100 lb	-	RQ 100 lb final RQ
12125-01-8			RQ 45.4 kg final RQ
Hydrofluoric Acid	100 lb	100 lb	RQ 100 lb final RQ
7664-39-3			RQ 45.4 kg final RQ
Sulfuric Acid	1000 lb	1000 lb	RQ 1000 lb final RQ
7664-93-9			RQ 454 kg final RQ

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Sulfuric Acid, which is known to the state of California to cause cancer, and Methanol, which is known to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For More Information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Hydrochloric Acid 7647-01-0	X	X	Х

Ammonium Fluoride	X	X	X
12125-01-8			
Hydrofluoric Acid	X	X	X
7664-39-3			
Sulfuric Acid	X	X	X
7664-93-9			
Propargyl Alcohol	X	X	X
107-19-7			

U.S. EPA Label Information

EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not Applicable

16	OTHER	INFOR	MATION	ı
IU.	OILLE			

NFPA Health hazards 3 Flammability 0 Instability 0 Physical and Chemical Properties -

HMIS Health hazards 3 Flammability 0 Physical hazards 0 Personal protection D

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Revision Note

No Information available

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet